

**Earth Orbiter-1 (EO-1)  
Interface Control Document  
for Radiometric Calibration Processing  
and Performance Assessment Processing  
Between Goddard Space Flight Center  
and Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
Lincoln Laboratory**



National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

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Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, Maryland

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## TBD List

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Issue	Section Number	Resolution Date	Comment
Reference for DCE housekeeping file format	4.1.7.3		
Maximum file size of DCE housekeeping file	4.1.7.5		
Maximum file size of DCE IDL housekeeping file	4.1.8.5		
Attributes and data format of the AC files	4.3.1.3		
Reference for non-DCE housekeeping file format	4.3.2.3		
Maximum file size of non-DCE housekeeping file	4.3.2.5		

## Change Information Page

List of Effective Pages			
Page Number		Issue	
Title page		Revision A	
iii through xiii		Revision A	
1-1 through 1-3		Revision A	
2-1		Revision A	
3-1 through 3-3		Revision A	
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AB-1 through AB-2		Revision A	
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–	Initial Release		4/16/98
A	Baseline Issue		11/2/98

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## Appendix A. Variable Types

## Abbreviations and Acronyms

# Section 1. Introduction

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The Earth Orbiter-1 (EO-1) spacecraft will carry the Advanced Land Imager (ALI) sensor for Earth resources imaging. The ALI will collect data from five types of focal plane arrays and output them on five independent data ports. One array type collects multispectral (MS) and panchromatic (PAN) data, which are output on the MS/PAN data port. Two Wedge Imaging Spectrometer (WIS) focal plane arrays cover the visible/near infrared (VNIR) band and the shortwave infrared (SWIR) band. Two Grating Imaging Spectrometer (GIS) focal plane arrays also cover the VNIR and SWIR bands, respectively.

The EO-1 spacecraft will also have an Atmospheric Corrector (AC) instrument that will collect data for use in applying atmospheric corrections to the collected MS/PAN, WIS, and GIS data. Housekeeping telemetry from both the ALI instrument and other spacecraft subsystems will also be collected.

The EO-1 calibration system is designed to ensure a long-term radiometric calibration of 5 percent or better. There are six separate calibration data sources: dark current calibration, solar calibration (with a diffuser), lunar calibration, internal flood lamps for calibration, deep space calibration, and use of known ground reflective surfaces. The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline may use all of these sources or a subset of these sources to convert digital numbers received from the five focal plane arrays to engineering units of radiance.

## 1.1 Overview of EO-1/ALI Data Collection

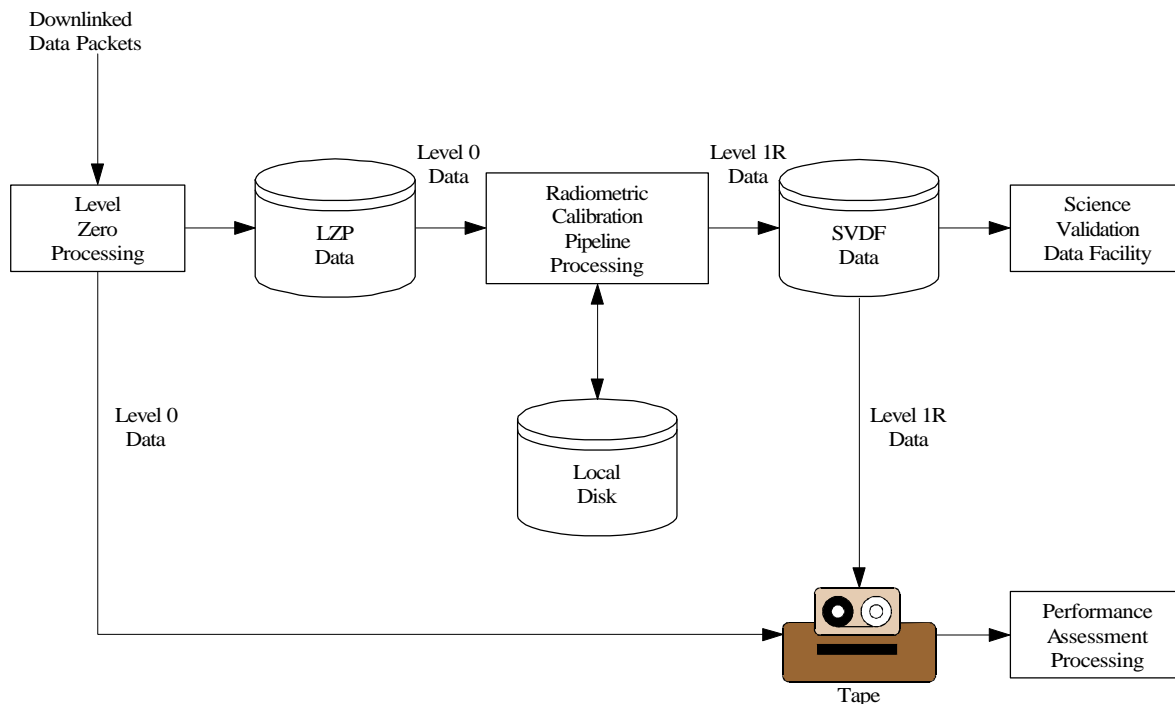
The data output by the ALI MS/PAN, WIS VNIR, WIS SWIR, GIS VNIR, and GIS SWIR ports will be collected during data collection events (DCEs), during which one or more ports will be read. A DCE is defined as instrument on to instrument off. All of the focal plane arrays act as two-dimensional push broom arrays so that DCEs can vary in duration. Science DCEs will refer to data collected while looking at the Earth, even if there is a calibration target in the scene on the ground. Calibration DCEs will refer to data collected on the Sun (with a diffuser in place), on the Moon, from internal flood lamps, or from some other calibration source (other than the Earth) for radiometric calibration purposes. Note that all DCEs will contain dark current calibration data collected with the ALI cover closed, which will also be used for radiometric calibration.

The DCE data coming from the ALI ports will be read by the spacecraft's Wideband Advanced Recorder/Processor (WARP). The WARP will store the data in onboard memory for downloading over a ground contact at a later time. Housekeeping data collected during the DCE will also be stored in the WARP, as will AC data. All data stored in the WARP will be downloaded via the X-band link. Housekeeping data also will be collected between DCEs and stored in the EO-1 spacecraft's command processor and will be downloaded during contacts via the S-band link.

## 1.2 Overview of EO-1/ALI Ground Data Processing

With the exception of Performance Assessment, all of the data processing will be done by NASA Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC). The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be developed by MIT Lincoln Laboratory (LL) and delivered to GSFC for use during ground data processing. The

ground data processing has three major parts: Level Zero Processing (LZP); Level 1R or Radiometric Calibration Pipeline processing; and post-processing, which includes both Performance Assessment and Science Validation Data Facility (SVDF) processing. The data flow between these three major parts is described below and outlined in Figure 1-1.



**Figure 1-1. Science Data Flow for the Ground Data Processing for the EO-1**

The ALI and AC science data, along with spacecraft and ALI housekeeping telemetry data collected during DCEs, will be downloaded from the EO-1 spacecraft's WARP via an X-band link during ground station contacts. Housekeeping data collected between DCEs and stored in the command processor will be downloaded over an S-band link, along with real-time housekeeping data generated during the contact. All downloaded data will be stored temporarily on tape at the ground station, then sent to GSFC where it will be stored on disk for all ground data processing.

LZP receives the data packets after the downlink. It removes the channel coding and reassembles the science data, performing corner turning, pixel reordering, and pixel shifting when necessary, to assemble the science data into images in band-sequential order. All housekeeping data will be put into ASIST-compatible standard formatted data unit (SFDU) format and into Interactive Data Language (IDL)-compatible format. The science and DCE housekeeping data files are put into the agreed upon Level 0 format and then output for use by the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline and written to tape for use during Performance Assessment. Non-DCE housekeeping data will be written to a separate tape for use during Performance Assessment.

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be run whenever Level 1R data is required or requested. It reads the Level 0 data which includes, at a minimum, science DCEs with calibration dark data. The Level 0 data may also include any of four types of calibration DCEs: solar, lunar, internal

flood lamps, or deep space. This calibration pipeline will generate a Level 1R ALI science file for each Level 0 ALI science and calibration file. The Level 1R files will also contain the calibration coefficients used for each pixel so that the Level 0 data can be recovered from the Level 1R files. These files are put into the agreed upon Level 1R format and written to the SVDF disk for use by the SVDF and to tape for use during Performance Assessment. An archive of the calibration database and calibration processing notes will also be maintained by the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline.

All the Level 0 data and all the generated Level 1R data are written to tape for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment. Performance Assessment will evaluate the performance of the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline in addition to the general spectral and spatial performance of the ALI. For proper Performance Assessment, all available data products must be included in the analysis. These products include the AC data and any improved ephemeris or attitude data generated by the ground processing system in addition to the previously mentioned Level 0 and Level 1R data and housekeeping data from both during and between DCEs.

### **1.3 Applicable Documents**

The documents listed below offer additional information on the EO-1 data processing system and the Hierarchical Data Format (HDF), which is used for all exchanged data files.

1. EO-1 System Design Document (work in progress)
2. National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) HDF Development Group, *HDF User's Guide*, June 4, 1997. URL:<http://hdf.ncsa.uiuc.edu/doc.html>
3. NCSA HDF Development Group, *HDF User's Reference Manual v4.1r1*, Draft June 9, 1997. URL:<http://hdf.ncsa.uiuc.edu/doc.html>
4. NCSA HDF Development Group, *HDF Specification and Developer's Guide, Version 3.2*, September 1993. URL:<http://hdf.ncsa.uiuc.edu/doc.html>

## Section 2. Document Coordination

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Document changes will be coordinated through designated persons. Currently they are:

GSFC:	S. Ungar	(301) 286-4007	E-mail: <a href="mailto:stephen.g.ungar.1@gsfc.nasa.gov">stephen.g.ungar.1@gsfc.nasa.gov</a>
	M. Jurotich	(301) 286-5919	E-mail: <a href="mailto:matthew.m.jurotich@gsfc.nasa.gov">matthew.m.jurotich@gsfc.nasa.gov</a>
	D. Mandl	(301) 286-4323	E-mail: <a href="mailto:daniel.j.mandl.1@gsfc.nasa.gov">daniel.j.mandl.1@gsfc.nasa.gov</a>
	R. Hollenhorst	(301) 286-5972	E-mail: <a href="mailto:richard.hollenhorst@gsfc.nasa.gov">richard.hollenhorst@gsfc.nasa.gov</a>
LL:	J. Evans	(781) 981-3088	E-mail: <a href="mailto:jenifer@ll.mit.edu">jenifer@ll.mit.edu</a>
	H. Viggh	(781) 981-4232	E-mail: <a href="mailto:viggh@ll.mit.edu">viggh@ll.mit.edu</a>

All additions and changes to this interface control document (ICD), after it is approved, will be appropriately marked in this document and recorded in the change log at the beginning of this document.

## Section 3. Data Exchange

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All data files for use during Performance Assessment will be exchanged for the duration of the mission using tape media mailed from GSFC to LL. All data files for use by the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be exchanged electronically by following an entered pathname to the LZP data and by writing to an entered pathname to the SVDF, respectively.

### 3.1 Tape Media Specification

All data products to be sent from GSFC to LL shall be transmitted via cartridge tape media. The baseline tape shall be an uncompressed 20-GB capacity, digital linear tape (DLT)-compatible cartridge for a DLT4000 tape drive. Upgrades to higher density media or use of compressed formats will be made upon concurrence of both GSFC and LL. The file formats and naming conventions are defined later in this document in Section 4. The files shall be written to the tape by a UNIX tar command.

Each individual tape will contain one or more DCE file sets. A DCE file set will consist of all files, science, housekeeping, ground processing, etc., associated with a DCE. No file or DCE file set will be split across tapes. Non-DCE housekeeping files will be written on a separate tape.

Each tape will be accompanied by a hardcopy list of its contents, including filename, file size (in bytes), and any applicable processing notes. The files will be listed in the order that they are stored on the tape. The contents list will also be stored on the tape in an American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) file.

### 3.2 Tape Contents

The data products sent from GSFC to LL for Performance Assessment should include all of the Level 0 science data, any generated Level 1R calibrated science data and calibration coefficients, the DCE and the non-DCE housekeeping files, the AC data files, any existing ground processing data files, and all calibration pipeline processing notes. The minimum files required for Performance Assessment are

0EO1#####.TCZ

EO1yyydddhhmmss.M1Z

EO1yyydddhhmmss.M2Z

EO1yyydddhhmmss.M3Z

EO1yyydddhhmmss.M4Z

EO1yyydddhhmmss.WVZ

EO1yyydddhhmmss.WSZ

EO1yyydddhhmmss.GVZ

EO1yyydddhhmmss.GSZ



EO1yyyydddhhmmss.ACZ

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.NHZ

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.IHZ

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GPZ<sup>1</sup>

If the following Level 1R files have been generated, they also are required for Performance Assessment:

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1R

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2R

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3R

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVR

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSR

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVR

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSR

EO1yyyydddhhmmss.PLR

Each of these files is defined in Sections 4.1 through 4.3.

### **3.3 Tape Labels**

The format and content of the tape label for tapes sent from GSFC to LL are as follows:

EO-1 GSFC to LL Transfer Tape

GENERATION DATE: 07/21/99

TAPE ID NUMBER: #####

Tape ID numbers will begin at 00000001 during prelaunch testing and increment by one for each successive tape generated during the EO-1 program.

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<sup>1</sup>May not exist. See Section 4.3.3.

### **3.4 LL Address**

Tapes shall be mailed to LL at the following address:

Jenifer Evans  
Room S4-557  
MIT Lincoln Laboratory  
244 Wood Street  
Lexington, MA 02420-9185

## Section 4. Data Product Definitions

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This section defines the intermediate data products of the EO-1 data ground processing. It is divided into three sections. Section 4.1 describes the Level 0 data products output from the GSFC-developed Level Zero Processor, and input to the LL-developed Level 1R Radiometric Calibration Pipeline. Section 4.2 describes the Level 1R data products output from the LL-developed Radiometric Calibration Pipeline, a part of the GSFC-developed SVDF. Section 4.3 describes additional data files necessary for accurate Performance Assessment that are neither an input nor an output of the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline.

All data products will be in HDF with the exception of the SFDU-formatted housekeeping data. The Level 0 input data products and the Level 1R output data products will be a collection of data files generated with the HDF scientific data (SD) application programming interfaces (APIs). The number of files associated with the Level 0 input data and the Level 1R output data varies depending on how many of the five independent data ports are active for a DCE. Each independent data port will correspond to a single SD file for the Level 0 input data. Each input SD file from a science DCE will have a corresponding output SD file.

Each SD file contains two major parts: the file header and the data objects. The file header information contains a number of attributes, with each attribute consisting of an attribute name, an attribute count defining the length of the attribute information, and an attribute type. An example of an attribute is the filename. The attribute would be called 'Filename', would be of type DFNT\_CHAR8, and would contain 21 bytes (e.g., EO11997365235959.WVZ). A data object contains a multidimensional scientific data set (SDS) (e.g., a three-dimensional set of elements), and a data descriptor block defining the type of data, its location in the file, and the length of the data. Each SDS can have its own set of attributes in addition to the attributes that are part of the file header. The Level 1R radiometrically calibrated output data files will have multiple SDSs: one for the Level 1R data, one for the dark offset coefficients, and one for the response coefficients. The MS/PAN files also will have multiple SDSs: one for the Level 0 MS data, one for the MS dark data, one for the MS lamp data, one for the Level 0 PAN data, one for the PAN dark data, one for the PAN lamp data, and one for the MS SWIR pixel map.

### 4.1 Level 0 Data Products

The following subsections describe the data output from the GSFC-developed Level Zero Processor and input to the LL-developed Radiometric Calibration Pipeline. The first three sections describe the expected bit order, fill pixels, and pixel order. The remaining sections describe the data files serving as the output products of LZP and the input products of the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline. These data files will reside on a GSFC LZP disk for access by the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline. They will also be written to tape for use by LL for Performance Assessment.

## 4.1.1 Level 0 Data Processing

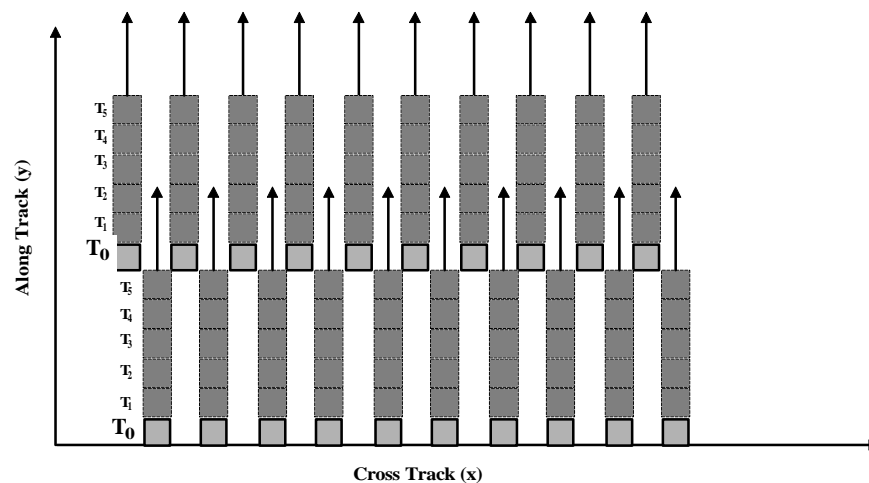
### 4.1.1.1 Bit Order

The science and calibration data are output from the LZP as 16-bit words with 12 bits of precision. The four most significant bits (MSBs) are used to indicate type of fill data and may be used to indicate other significant processing features. The bit order output by LZP should be that the least significant bit (LSB) of a pixel value should correspond to the LSB of the 16-bit word, and the MSB of a pixel value should correspond to the 12<sup>th</sup> MSB of the 16-bit word. For example, the following line of C code should be true:  $\text{PixelValue} = (\text{0xffff} \& \text{PixelValue})$  where PixelValue is the 16-bit data word.

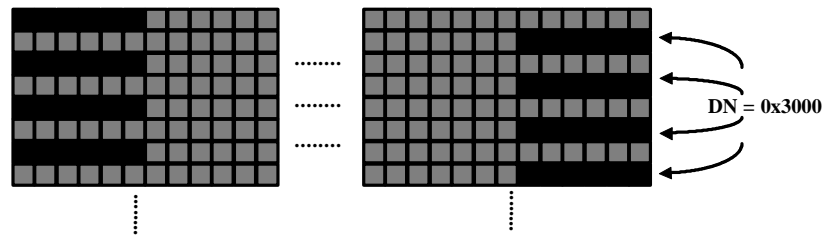
### 4.1.1.2 Fill Pixels

The MS/PAN science and calibration data will be shifted during LZP to allow for quick-look performance assessment of the system. This will result in the need for fill pixels at the ends of rows. Each pixel is represented by a 16-bit integer although the data requires only the 12 LSBs. The fill pixels inserted for the purpose of aligning the MS/PAN data will be 0x3000, all 0s in the 12 LSBs that typically contain data and 0011 in the upper four bits. The fill pixels inserted for missing data for all of the data ports will be 0x5000, all 0s in the 12 LSBs and 0101 in the upper 4 bits.

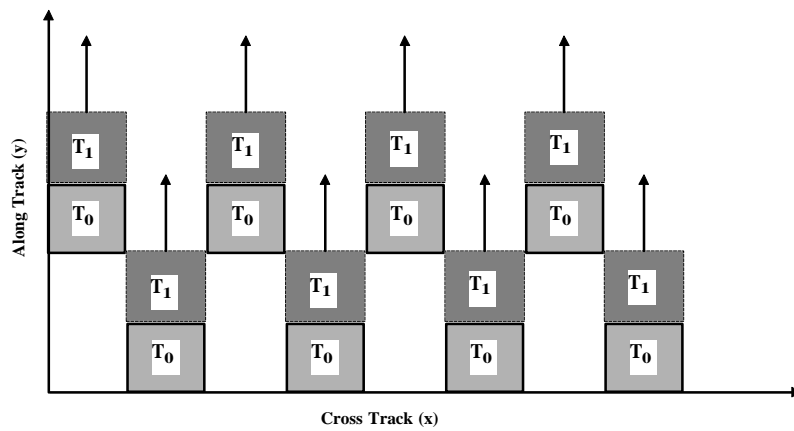
For PAN, the number of fill pixels at one or the other end of each row is 6 (Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2). For the MS VNIR band, the number of fill pixels at one or the other end of each row is 2 (Figure 4-3 and Figure 4-4). For the MS SWIR band, the number of fill pixels at one or the other end of each row is between 2 and 6, inclusive, depending on the use of the primary or redundant detector (Figure 4-5 and Figure 4-6). The map defining the use of the primary and redundant detectors for the MS SWIR is included with the data file as an SDS.



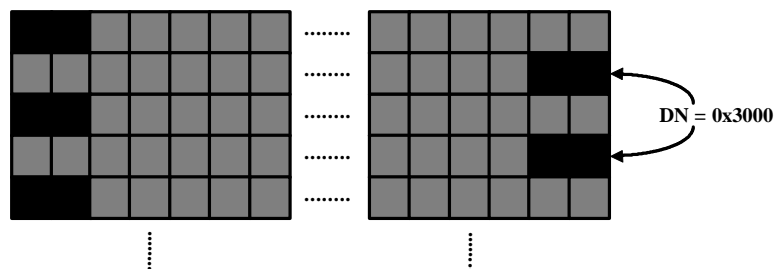
**Figure 4-1. PAN Pixel Locations**



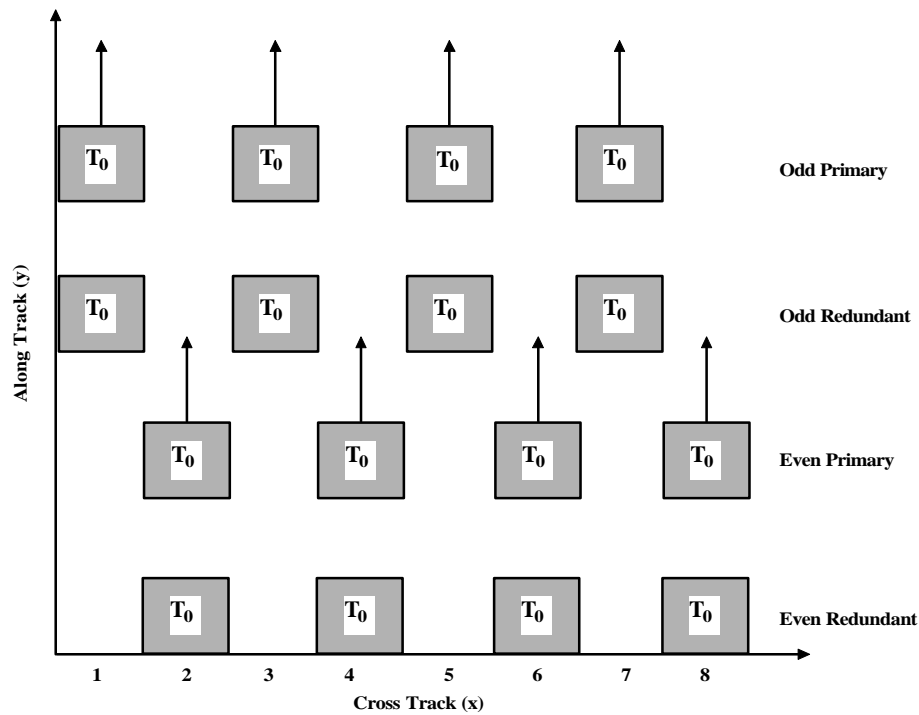
**Figure 4-2. PAN Image**



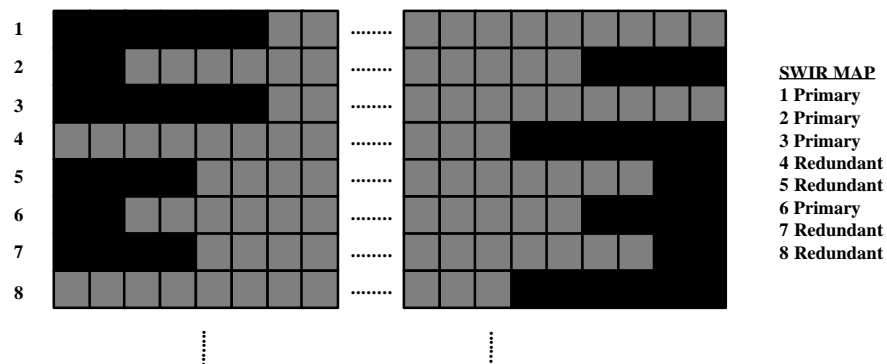
**Figure 4-3. MS VNIR Pixel Locations**



**Figure 4-4. MS VNIR Single Band Image**



**Figure 4-5. MS SWIR Pixel Locations**

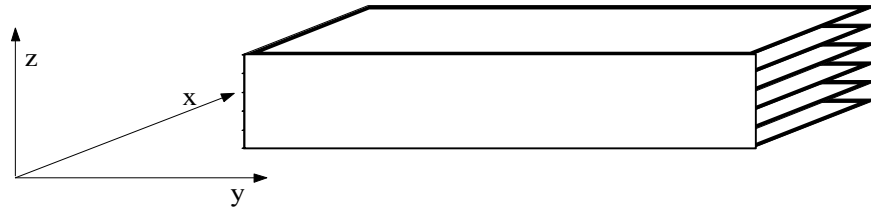


**Figure 4-6. MS SWIR Single Band Image**

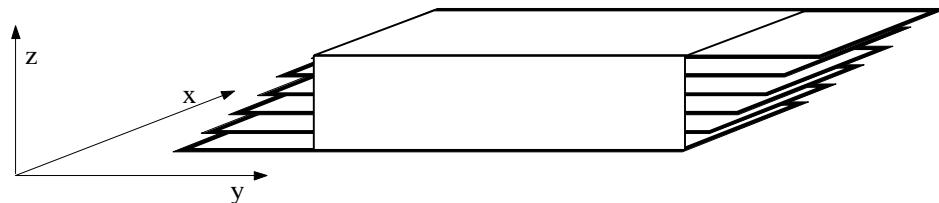
#### 4.1.1.3 Pixel Order

The science and calibration data will be in band-sequential order for all ports. The first two dimensions are the x and y of the image plane (x in cross track, y along track) and are stored in row major order. The third dimension, z, will be the band dimension (with the band number increasing as you go down into the image parallelepiped.) The dark data and lamp data will be in the same SD file as the science or calibration data, but each in a different SDS. In the case of two GIS ports, the image parallelepiped is in the shape of a brick with all sides being rectangles

(Figure 4-7). However, the parallelepipeds of the MS/PAN and two WIS ports will be skewed so that each band is displaced by one pixel in the y along track direction with respect to its neighbor because the leading and trailing focal plane reads do not result in complete spectral coverage (Figure 4-8). However, no padding will be added to remove this skew in either LZP or in the radiometric calibration pipeline.



**Figure 4-7. GIS Image Parallelepiped**



**Figure 4-8. MS and WIS Image Parallelepiped**

#### **4.1.2 MS/PAN ALI Port Level 0 Raw Data Files (M1Z – M4Z)**

##### **4.1.2.1 Description**

These files contain the MS/PAN raw data collected by the WARP from the MS/PAN ALI ports during a DCE. The DCE can collect either calibration or science data. The MS/PAN data are collected by four focal plane arrays. Four MS/PAN data files correspond to the four separate focal plane arrays. Each data file has seven SDSs, one for the Level 0 MS data, one for the MS dark data, one for the MS lamp data, one for the Level 0 PAN data, one for the PAN dark data, one for the PAN lamp data, and one for the MS SWIR pixel map. The data is 16-bits per pixel, with HDF attributes containing information regarding the files and the Level 0 processing notes.

##### **4.1.2.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate these files through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, these files will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, these files will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

### 4.1.2.3 Format

#### 4.1.2.3.1 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 1 (M1Z)

**Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1Z**

The **yyyydddhhmmss** time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1Z"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2Z"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3Z"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

#### SDS Attributes for Level 0 MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11



### SDS Attributes for MS dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for PAN dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

#### 4.1.2.3.2 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 2 (M2Z)

##### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2Z

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

##### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2Z"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1Z"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3Z"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for Level 0 PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

### 4.1.2.3.3 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 3 (M3Z)

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3Z

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3Z"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1Z"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2Z"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for Level 0 PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

#### 4.1.2.3.4 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 4 (M4Z)

**Filename:** EO1yyyyddhhmmss.M4Z

The yyyyddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

**File Attributes:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1Z"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2Z"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS lamp data:



Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for PAN dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for PAN lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	960
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

#### 4.1.2.4 Data Format

##### 4.1.2.4.1 MS SDS Format

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 9 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
    ⋮                      ⋮
( 1, 500, 1),.....(320, 500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
    ⋮                      ⋮
( 1, 500, 9),.....(320, 500, 9)
```

Each MS focal plane array has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. The order of the nine bands is as follows:

MS Band 1'  
MS Band 1  
MS Band 2  
MS Band 3  
MS Band 4  
MS Band 4'  
MS Band 5'  
MS Band 5  
MS Band 7

#### **4.1.2.4.2 PAN SDS Format**

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a two-dimensional array consisting of a single image for the PAN band. The dimensions are x in cross track and y along track. The data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track.

If there are 960 cross track pixels and 500 along track lines the (x, y) data array will be as follows:

( 1, 1),.....(960, 1),  
( 1, 2),.....(960, 2),  
: :  
( 1, 500),.....(960, 500)

#### **4.1.2.4.3 MS SWIR Pixel Map SDS Format**

The data will be in a one-dimensional array consisting of a single element for each cross track pixel. For each cross track pixel, there are two detectors, the primary and the redundant. If the primary detector is used, the element will be a 1. If the redundant detector is used, the element will be a 0.

#### **4.1.2.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data files through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern.

#### 4.1.2.6 Maximum File Size

Each of the four data files will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz for MS data and 675 Hz for PAN data, which corresponds to 648,000 pixels per second of both MS data and PAN data. Assuming 1 kB of attributes and a 30-second DCE, the total file size for a single focal plane array will be approximately 76 MB for a science DCE. Each of the various calibration DCE files will be no larger than a 30-second science DCE file and may be substantially smaller.

#### 4.1.2.7 File Access

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZP output data.

### 4.1.3 WIS VNIR ALI Port Level 0 Raw Data File (WVZ)

#### 4.1.3.1 Description

This file contains the raw data collected by the WARP from the WIS VNIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can collect either calibration or science data. The data file has three SDSs: one for the WIS VNIR Level 0 data, one for the WIS VNIR dark data, and one for the WIS VNIR lamp data. The data is in 16-bits per pixel, of which only the 12 LSBs are used, with HDF attributes containing information regarding the file and the Level 0 processing notes.

#### 4.1.3.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### 4.1.3.3 Format

**Filename:** EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVZ

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

#### **File Attributes:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVZ"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	3	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### 4.1.3.4 Data Format

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 105 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      :
      :
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      :
      :
( 1,500,105),.....(320,500,105)
```

Each WIS VNIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 105 bands in the z dimension.

#### 4.1.3.5 Accuracy and Completeness

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern.

#### 4.1.3.6 Maximum File Size

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 7,560,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming 1 kB of attributes and a 30-second DCE, the total file size will be approximately 0.45 GB for a science DCE. Each of the various calibration DCE files will be no larger than a 30-second science DCE file and may be substantially smaller.

#### 4.1.3.7 File Access

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZP output data.

#### 4.1.4 WIS SWIR ALI Port Level 0 Raw Data File (WSZ)

##### 4.1.4.1 Description

This file contains the raw data collected by the WARP from the WIS SWIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can collect either calibration or science data. The data file has three SDSs: one for the WIS SWIR Level 0 data, one for the WIS SWIR dark data, and one for the WIS SWIR lamp data. The data is in 16-bits per pixel, of which only the 12 LSBs are used, with HDF attributes containing information regarding the file and the Level 0 processing notes.

##### 4.1.4.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

##### 4.1.4.3 Format

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVZ"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 0 data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### 4.1.4.4 Data Format

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a



single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 210 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500,210),.....(320,500,210)
```

Each WIS SWIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 210 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.1.4.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern.

#### **4.1.4.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 15,120,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming 1 kB of attributes and a 30-second DCE, the total file size will be 865 MB or just under 0.9 GB for a science DCE. Each of the various calibration DCE files will be no larger than a 30-second science DCE file and may be substantially smaller.

#### **4.1.4.7 File Access**

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZIP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZIP output data.

### **4.1.5 GIS VNIR ALI Port Level 0 Raw Data File (GVZ)**

#### **4.1.5.1 Description**

This file contains the raw data collected by the WARP from the GIS VNIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can collect either calibration or science data. The data file has three SDSs: one for the GIS VNIR Level 0 data, one for the GIS VNIR dark data, and one for the GIS VNIR

lamp data. The data is in 16-bits per pixel, of which only the 12 LSBs are used, with HDF attributes containing information regarding the file and the Level 0 processing notes.

#### 4.1.5.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### 4.1.5.3 Format

##### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

##### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSZ"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

##### SDS Attributes for Level 0 data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### 4.1.5.4 Data Format

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 105 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
```

( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),  
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),  
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),  
⋮ ⋮  
( 1,500,105),.....(320,500,105)

Each WIS VNIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 105 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.1.5.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern.

#### **4.1.5.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 7,560,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming 1 kB of attributes and a 30-second DCE, the total file size will be 433 MB or just under 0.5 GB for a science DCE. Each of the various calibration DCE files will be no larger than a 30-second science DCE file and may be substantially smaller.

#### **4.1.5.7 File Access**

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZIP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZIP output data.

### **4.1.6 GIS SWIR ALI Port Level 0 Raw Data File (GSZ)**

#### **4.1.6.1 Description**

This file contains the raw data collected by the WARP from the GIS SWIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can collect either calibration or science data. The data file has three SDSs: one for the GIS SWIR Level 0 data, one for the GIS SWIR dark data, and one for the GIS SWIR lamp data. The data is in 16-bits per pixel, of which only the 12 LSBs are used, with HDF attributes containing information regarding the file and the Level 0 processing notes.

#### **4.1.6.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

### 4.1.6.3 Format

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSZ

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the science data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSZ"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	0
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ"
Related File 3	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4Z"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

#### SDS Attributes for Level 0 data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 0"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for dark data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Dark"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for lamp data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Lamp"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	500
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### 4.1.6.4 Data Format

The data format for the Level 0 raw data and for the dark data and lamp data is the same. Each dataset will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 210 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500,210),.....(320,500,210)
```

Each WIS SWIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 210 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.1.6.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern.

#### **4.1.6.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 7,560,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming 1 kB of attributes and a 30-second DCE, the total file size will be 433 MB or just under 0.5 GB for a science DCE. Each of the various calibration DCE files will be no larger than a 30-second science DCE file and may be substantially smaller.

#### **4.1.6.7 File Access**

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZIP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZIP output data.

### **4.1.7 DCE Housekeeping File (DHZ)**

#### **4.1.7.1 Description**

This file contains the housekeeping telemetry data collected by the WARP during a DCE.

#### **4.1.7.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### **4.1.7.3 Format**

##### **Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.DHZ**

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE during which the housekeeping data was collected.

##### **File Format:**

The housekeeping data will be in the standard ASIST-compatible SFDF format as defined in Reference [TBD].

#### **4.1.7.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed.

#### **4.1.7.5 Maximum File Size**

[TBD]

#### **4.1.7.6 File Access**

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZP output data.

### **4.1.8 DCE IDL Housekeeping File (IHZ)**

#### **4.1.8.1 Description**

This file contains the housekeeping telemetry data collected by the WARP during a DCE. It is IDL compatible.

#### **4.1.8.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### **4.1.8.3 Format**

##### **Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.IHZ**

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE during which the housekeeping data was collect.

##### **File Format:**

The housekeeping data will be readable by IDL (Version 5.0).

#### **4.1.8.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed.

#### **4.1.8.5 Maximum File Size**

[TBD]

#### **4.1.8.6 File Access**

The Radiometric Calibration Pipeline will be given a pathname to the LZP output data. Performance Assessment will receive a tape containing LZP output data.

## **4.2 Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data Products**

The following subsections individually describe each data product that will be output from the LL-developed Level 1R Radiometric Calibration Pipeline, a part of the GSFC-developed SVDF.



These data files will reside on a GSFC SVDF disk and will also be written to tape for use by LL for Performance Assessment. These data files will be generated when requested and may not be generated for all Level 0 data files.

#### **4.2.1 MS/PAN ALI Port Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data Files (M1R – M4R)**

##### **4.2.1.1 Description**

These files contain the radiometrically calibrated data generated from the Level 0 files of raw MS/PAN data collected by the WARP from the MS/PAN ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can be either calibration or science data. The four MS/PAN files correspond to the four separate focal plane arrays.

Each file contains the Level 0 file attributes with some modification, plus additional attributes associated with the radiometric calibration. The output data for each focal plane array is stored as one SD file with seven SDSs: the 16-bit scaled integer Level 1R calibrated data for MS and PAN, the 16-bit floating point dark offset coefficients applied to the Level 0 data for MS and PAN, the 16-bit floating point response coefficients applied to the Level 0 data for MS and PAN, and the MS SWIR pixel map. To recover the Level 0 data for a pixel, first divide the Level 1R engineering unit value by the response coefficient for that pixel, then add in the dark coefficient for that pixel.

##### **4.2.1.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate these files when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, these files will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, these files will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

##### **4.2.1.3 Format**

###### **4.2.1.3.1 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 1 (M1R)**

**Filename:** EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1R

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

##### **File Attributes:**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Maximum Length</b>	<b>HDF Type</b>	<b>Example Value</b>
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1R"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhmmss.M2R"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhmmss.M3R"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 1R MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for MS response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for Level 1R PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for PAN offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for PAN response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

## SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS1"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

### 4.2.1.3.2 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 2 (M2R)

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2R

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2R"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1R"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3R"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

## SDS Attributes for Level 1R MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for MS offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for MS response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for Level 1R PAN data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for PAN offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for PAN response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS2"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

### 4.2.1.3.3 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 3 (M3R)

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3R

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3R"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhhmmss.M1R"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhhmmss.M2R"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 1R MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for MS offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for MS response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

**SDS Attributes for Level 1R PAN data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

**SDS Attributes for PAN offset coefficient data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

**SDS Attributes for PAN response coefficient data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000



## SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS3"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

### 4.2.1.3.4 MS/PAN Focal Plane Array 4 (M4R)

#### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number related files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M1R"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M2R"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M3R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

## SDS Attributes for Level 1R MS data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

**SDS Attributes for MS offset coefficient data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

**SDS Attributes for MS response coefficient data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

**SDS Attributes for Level 1R PAN data:**

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for PAN offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for PAN response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"PN4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for MS SWIR pixel map:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"MS4"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Pixel Map"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

## 4.2.1.4 Data Format

### 4.2.1.4.1 MS SDS Format

The data will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 9 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 9),.....(320,500, 9)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel for each band. The data will be stored with the cross track pixels in the x dimension. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels and 9 bands, the coefficient data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(320, 1),
( 1, 2),.....(320, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1, 9),.....(320, 9)
```

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

Each MS focal plane array has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. The order of the nine bands is as follows:

```
MS Band 1'
MS Band 1
MS Band 2
MS Band 3
MS Band 4
MS Band 4'
MS Band 5'
MS Band 5
MS Band 7
```

#### **4.2.1.4.2 PAN SDS Format**

The data will be in a two-dimensional array consisting of a single image for the PAN band. The dimensions are x in cross track and y along track. The data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track.

If there are 960 cross track pixels and 500 along track lines the (x, y) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(960, 1),
( 1, 2),.....(960, 2),
      :
      :
( 1, 500),.....(960, 500)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel. The data array will be a single dimension data array.

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

#### **4.2.1.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data files through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern. The byte locations with missing data will contain fill data 0x5000.

#### **4.2.1.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 675 Hz for PAN data and 225 Hz for MS data, which corresponds to 648,000 pixels per second of both PAN data and MS data. Assuming a 1-kB header and a 30-second DCE, the total file size including the calibrated data and all of the coefficients will be 76 MB for a science DCE.

#### **4.2.1.7 File Access**

Data will reside on a GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.

### **4.2.2 WIS VNIR ALI Port Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data File (WVR)**

#### **4.2.2.1 Description**

This file contains the radiometrically calibrated data generated from the Level 0 file of raw data collected by the WARP from the WIS VNIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can be either calibration or science data. The file contains the Level 0 file attributes with some modification, plus additional attributes associated with the radiometric calibration. The output data is stored as one SD file with three SDSs: the 16-bit scaled integer Level 1R calibrated data, the 16-bit floating point dark offset coefficients applied to the Level 0 data, and the 16-bit floating point response coefficients applied to the Level 0 data. To recover the Level 0 data for a pixel, first divide the

Level 1R engineering unit value by the response coefficient for that pixel, then add in the dark coefficient for that pixel.

#### 4.2.2.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### 4.2.2.3 Format

##### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVR

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

##### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WVR"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSR"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.WSZ"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

##### SDS Attributes for Level 1R data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### 4.2.2.4 Data Format

The Level 1R data will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 105 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
```

```
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500,105),.....(320,500,105)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel for each band. The data will be stored with the cross track pixels in the x dimension. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels and 105 bands, both of the coefficient data arrays will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(320, 1),
( 1, 2),.....(320, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1, 105),.....(320, 105)
```

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

Each WIS VNIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 105 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.2.2.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern. The byte locations with missing data will contain fill data 0x5000.

#### **4.2.2.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 15,120,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming a 1-kB header and a 30-second DCE, the total file size including the calibrated data and all of the coefficients will be 4.33 GB for a science DCE.

#### **4.2.2.7 File Access**

Data will reside on a GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.



## 4.2.3 WIS SWIR ALI Port Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data File (WSR)

### 4.2.3.1 Description

This file contains the radiometrically calibrated data generated from the Level 0 file of raw data collected by the WARP from the WIS SWIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can be either calibration or science data. The file contains the Level 0 file attributes with some modification, plus additional attributes associated with the radiometric calibration. The output data is stored as one SD file with three SDSs: the 16-bit scaled integer Level 1R calibrated data, the 16-bit floating point dark offset coefficients applied to the Level 0 data, and the 16-bit floating point response coefficients applied to the Level 0 data. To recover the Level 0 data for a pixel, first divide the Level 1R engineering unit value by the response coefficient for that pixel, then add in the dark coefficient for that pixel.

### 4.2.3.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

### 4.2.3.3 Format

**Filename:** EO1yyydddhmmss.WSR

The yyydddhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

#### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhmmss.WSR"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyydddhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhmmss.WVR"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhmmss.WSZ"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyydddhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 1R data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"WS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### 4.2.3.4 Data Format

The data will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 210 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500,210),.....(320,500,210)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel for each band. The data will be stored with the cross track pixels in the x dimension. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels and 210 bands, both of the coefficient data arrays will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(320, 1),
( 1, 2),.....(320, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1, 210),.....(320, 210)
```

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

Each WIS SWIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 210 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.2.3.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern. The byte locations with missing data will contain fill data 0x5000.

#### **4.2.3.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 15,120,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming a 1-kB header and a 30-second DCE, the total file size including the calibrated data and all of the coefficients will be 4.33 GB for a science DCE.

#### 4.2.3.7 File Access

Data will reside on A GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.

### 4.2.4 GIS VNIR ALI Port Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data File (GVR)

#### 4.2.4.1 Description

This file contains the radiometrically calibrated data generated from the Level 0 file of raw data collected by the WARP from the GIS VNIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can be either calibration or science data. The file contains the Level 0 file attributes with some modification, plus additional attributes associated with the radiometric calibration. The output data is stored as one SD file with three SDSs: the 16-bit scaled integer Level 1R calibrated data, the 16-bit floating point dark offset coefficients applied to the Level 0 data, and the 16-bit floating point response coefficients applied to the Level 0 data. To recover the Level 0 data for a pixel, first divide the Level 1R engineering unit value by the response coefficient for that pixel, then add in the dark coefficient for that pixel.

#### 4.2.4.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### 4.2.4.3 Format

##### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVR

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

##### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVR"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVZ"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSR"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

#### SDS Attributes for Level 1R data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyymmddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

#### SDS Attributes for offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### SDS Attributes for response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GV"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	105
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### 4.2.4.4 Data Format

The data will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 105 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                      ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                      ⋮
( 1,500,105),.....(320,500,105)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel for each band. The data will be stored with the cross track pixels in the x dimension. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels and 105 bands, both of the coefficient data arrays will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(320, 1),
( 1, 2),.....(320, 2),
      ⋮                      ⋮
( 1, 105),.....(320, 105)
```

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

Each WIS VNIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 105 bands in the z dimension.

#### 4.2.4.5 Accuracy and Completeness

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern. The byte locations with missing data will contain fill data 0x5000.

#### 4.2.4.6 Maximum File Size

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 7,560,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming a 1-kB header and a 30-second DCE, the total file size including the calibrated data and all of the coefficients will be 2.2 GB for a science DCE.

#### 4.2.4.7 File Access

Data will reside on GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.

### 4.2.5 GIS SWIR ALI Port Level 1R Radiometrically Calibrated Data File (GSR)

#### 4.2.5.1 Description

This file contains the radiometrically calibrated data generated from the Level 0 file of raw data collected by the WARP from the GIS SWIR ALI port during a DCE. The DCE can be either calibration or science data. The file contains the Level 0 file attributes with some modification, plus additional attributes associated with the radiometric calibration. The output data is stored as one SD file with three SDSs: the 16-bit scaled integer Level 1R calibrated data, the 16-bit floating point dark offset coefficients applied to the Level 0 data, and the 16-bit floating point response coefficients applied to the Level 0 data. To recover the Level 0 data for a pixel, first divide the Level 1R engineering unit value by the response coefficient for that pixel, then add in the dark coefficient for that pixel.

#### 4.2.5.2 Support Duration

GSFC will generate this file when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### 4.2.5.3 Format

##### Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSR

The **yyyydddhhmmss** time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

##### File Attributes:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Filename	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSR"
Data Product Level	1	DFNT_INT16	1
LZP Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Big (1) or Little (0) Endian	1	DFNT_INT16	1
Time of File Generation	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Type of DCE	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"SCI" or "CAL"
Number Related Files	1	DFNT_INT16	9
Related File 1	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GSZ"
Related File 2	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.GVR"
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Related File n	21	DFNT_CHAR8	"EO1yyyydddhhmmss.M4R"
Level 0 Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data
Cal Pipe Software Version	3	DFNT_INT16	1,1,1 (Version 1.1.1)
Cal Pipe Processing Notes	N	DFNT_CHAR8	N bytes of string data

### SDS Attributes for Level 1R data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Level 1R"
Data Start Time	14	DFNT_CHAR8	"yyyydddhhmmss"
Data Duration	9	DFNT_FLOAT32	12.12345 (in seconds)
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of along track pixels	1	DFNT_INT32	6750
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Percent Missing Data	1	DFNT_INT16	11

### SDS Attributes for offset coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Offset"
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

### SDS Attributes for response coefficient data:

Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
ALI Sensor	4	DFNT_CHAR8	"GS"
Dataset Type	12	DFNT_CHAR8	"Response"



Name	Maximum Length	HDF Type	Example Value
Number of cross track pixels	1	DFNT_INT16	320
Number of bands	1	DFNT_INT16	210
Scale factor	1	DFNT_INT16	1000

#### 4.2.5.4 Data Format

The data will be in a three-dimensional array: x in cross track, y along track, and z in the spectral band dimension. The array will consist of images for each band in band-sequential order, and each image will be written in row major format with each row corresponding to the cross track direction. Described heuristically, the data array will consist of all the cross track pixels for a single line and a single band, followed by all the cross track pixels for the next line along track and the same single band, and so on for all lines along track for a single band. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels, 500 along track lines, and 210 bands, the (x, y, z) data array will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1, 1),.....(320, 1, 1),
( 1, 2, 1),.....(320, 2, 1),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500, 1),.....(320,500, 1),
( 1, 1, 2),.....(320, 1, 2),
( 1, 2, 2),.....(320, 2, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1,500,210),.....(320,500,210)
```

The dark offset coefficient data will consist of a single coefficient for each cross track pixel for each band. The data will be stored with the cross track pixels in the x dimension. This is repeated for each band.

If there are 320 cross track pixels and 210 bands, both of the coefficient data arrays will be as follows:

```
( 1, 1),.....(320, 1),
( 1A, 2),.....(320, 2),
      ⋮                ⋮
( 1, 210),.....(320, 210)
```

The response coefficient data format is identical to the dark offset coefficient data format.

Each WIS SWIR band has 320 pixels cross track and will have however many pixels along track as are generated by the duration of the DCE. There are 210 bands in the z dimension.

#### **4.2.5.5 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed. The actual level of data completeness will be identified within the production data file through the specification of byte locations of data fill pattern. The byte locations with missing data will contain fill data 0x5000.

#### **4.2.5.6 Maximum File Size**

The data will be recorded from the ALI port at a rate of 225 Hz, which corresponds to 7,560,000 pixels per second of data. Assuming a 1-kB header and a 30-second DCE, the total file size including the calibrated data and all of the coefficients will be 2.2 GB for a science DCE.

#### **4.2.5.7 File Access**

Data will reside on a GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.

### **4.2.6 Calibration Pipeline Processing Log File (PLR)**

#### **4.2.6.1 Description**

This file contains the processing log generated by the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline for a single DCE. It combines all processing notes for each science data port in a single file.

#### **4.2.6.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file when requested through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### **4.2.6.3 Format**

##### **Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.PLR**

The **yyyydddhhmmss** time will be the start time of the DCE that generated the data present in the file.

##### **Format:**

All information will be stored as ASCII text.

#### **4.2.6.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

The data in the file shall always be accurate and complete.

#### **4.2.6.5 Maximum File Size**

This file should be less than 10 kB.

#### **4.2.6.6 File Access**

Data will reside on a GSFC SVDF disk and will be written to tape as described in Section 3.1 for delivery to LL for Performance Assessment.

### **4.3 Non-Calibration Pipeline Data Files**

The following subsections individually describe the data files necessary for accurate Performance Assessment that are neither an input nor an output of the Radiometric Calibration Pipeline. These files will be written to tape for use by LL for Performance Assessment. Also detailed below is a tape contents file, which specifies which data files are being delivered on a given tape.

#### **4.3.1 Atmospheric Corrector Files (ACZ)**

##### **4.3.1.1 Description**

This file contains the raw data collected by the WARP from the AC instrument during a DCE.

##### **4.3.1.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

##### **4.3.1.3 Format**

**Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.ACZ**

The yyyydddhhmmss time will be the start time of the DCE generating the AC data present in the file.

Attributes and data format are TBD.

##### **4.3.1.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible, with all available data processed.

##### **4.3.1.5 Maximum File Size**

Volume is a function of the data format, which will be defined in the header.

### **4.3.2 Non-DCE Housekeeping File (NHZ)**

#### **4.3.2.1 Description**

This file contains the housekeeping telemetry data collected by the EO-1 spacecraft's command processor between DCEs and during real-time ground station contacts.

#### **4.3.2.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. Multiple non-DCE housekeeping files can be saved and written to a single tape. This tape will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation of the oldest file. Non-DCE housekeeping files not yet delivered by tape will be available electronically by ftp to LL in the event immediate assistance or analysis is needed. The necessary pathname and access code will be defined at the time of such an event.

#### **4.3.2.3 Format**

**Filename: EO1yyyydddhhmmss.NHZ**

The **yyyydddhhmmss** time will be the start time of the download of the data during the ground station contact.

#### **File Format:**

The housekeeping data will be in the standard ASIST-compatible SFDU format as defined in Reference [TBD].

#### **4.3.2.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

Data completeness will be as high as possible.

#### **4.3.2.5 Maximum File Size**

[TBD]

### **4.3.3 Ground Processing Data Files (GPZ)**

#### **4.3.3.1 Description**

This file may never exist. If this file exists, this file contains the improved EO-1 spacecraft attitude and ephemeris data generated by GSFC ground processing. This data is generated from the attitude and ephemeris data downloaded in the DCE housekeeping file.

#### **4.3.3.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases if any improved spacecraft attitude and ephemeris data exists. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

#### **4.3.3.3 Format**

##### **Filename: EO1yyydddhmmss.GPZ**

The **yyydddhmmss** time will be the start time of the DCE for which the ground processing data was generated.

Attributes and data format details will be determined if this data exists.

#### **4.3.4 Tape Contents File (TCZ)**

##### **4.3.4.1 Description**

This file contains a list of the files archived to tape. The tape contents file will appear first in the list and will be the first file in the tar file.

##### **4.3.4.2 Support Duration**

GSFC will generate this file through all mission phases. For the first 60 post-launch days of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL by overnight mail. For the remainder of the mission, this file will be delivered to LL within 1 week of generation.

##### **4.3.4.3 Format**

##### **Filename: 0EO1#####.TCR**

The ##### is the tape number. The leading 0 is to ensure that the file appears first in directory listings and tar files.

##### **Format:**

All information will be stored as ASCII text in the following format and according to the following example:

Number of files: 9

0EO1#####.TCZ

EO1yyydddhmmss.GVZ

EO1yyydddhmmss.GSZ

EO1yyydddhmmss.GPZ

EO1yyydddhmmss.DHZ

EO1yyydddhmmss.M1Z

EO1yyydddhmmss.GVR

EO1yyydddhmmss.GSR

EO1yyydddhmmss.M1R

The integer specified in the **Number of files:** line will be a single number between 2 and 16.

#### **4.3.4.4 Accuracy and Completeness**

The data in the file shall always be accurate and complete.

#### **4.3.4.5 Maximum File Size**

Given that a maximum of 16 filenames will be on a single tape, this file should be less than 1 kB.

#### **4.3.4.6 File Access**

Data is transferred on DLT-compatible tape cartridge as described in Section 3.1 for LL Performance Assessment. A paper print out of this file will be sent with each Level 1R tape.

## Appendix A. Variable Types

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C	IDL	HDF
int	INT	DFNT_INT16
long	LONG	DFNT_INT32
float	FLOAT	DFNT_FLOAT32
char	BYTE	DFNT_CHAR8
string[]	STRING	DFNT_CHAR8

## Abbreviations and Acronyms

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AC	Atmospheric Corrector
ALI	Advanced Land Imager
API	application programming interface
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
DCE	data collection event
DLT	digital linear tape
EO-1	Earth Orbiter-1
GB	gigabyte
GIS	Grating Imaging Spectrometer
GSFC	Goddard Space Flight Center
HDF	Hierarchical Data Format
Hz	hertz
ICD	interface control document
IDL	Interactive Data Language
kB	kilobyte
LL	Lincoln Laboratory
LSB	least significant bit
LZP	Level Zero Processing
MB	megabyte
MIT	Massachusetts Institute of Technology
MS	multispectral
MSB	most significant bit
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NCSA	National Center for Supercomputing Applications
PAN	panchromatic
SD	scientific data
SDS	scientific data set
SFDU	standard formatted data unit



SVDF	Science Validation Data Facility
SWIR	shortwave infrared
TBD	to be determined
VNIR	visible/near infrared
WARP	Wideband Advanced Recorder/Processor
WIS	Wedge Imaging Spectrometer